No peaceful coexistence without reconciliation

The domestic and foreign policy challenges facing German politics will immediately regain visibility after the corona crisis has ended. The Israeli-Palestinian conflict and its international repercussions is one of these challenges.

Whatever diplomatic solutions are pursued in the future, they will only be sustainable in the context of a reconciliation process between Israelis and Palestinians. Without reconciliation there can be no peaceful coexistence, independently of the diplomatic schema.

During the years of the Trump administration, the prospects for peace worsened as the margins for a two-state solution narrowed. In the event of an annexation of the Jewish settlements on the West Bank and in the Jordan Valley, these prospects would further darken.

Prospects for a comprehensive resolution to the conflict

The future of Europe and Germany, however, is closely tied to the resolution of the Middle East conflict or the achievement of its prospective resolution, both domestically and internationally. The influx of refugees from the Middle East to Europe is a dramatic symptom of the overall crisis situation in the Middle East. For years, the United Nations - including its Secretary General - has stated that Gaza will be uninhabitable by 2020. In the medium term, two million people will leave in search of a new home. Only a comprehensive solution to the conflict, as a prerequisite to the comprehensive economic development of Palestine and Gaza, can prevent this catastrophe.

Germany is already feeling the painful domestic repercussions of the refugee movement in general, and the intensification of the Palestinian conflict in particular: populist and xenophobic movements and parties are dividing and polarizing German society. And the hatred felt among members (especially younger members) of the population with family roots in the Middle East is a driving force behind the violence against Jews on German streets — violence that is only partially classifiable as "anti-Semitic".

Germany is particularly called upon to establish a trialogue aimed at long-term reconciliation. No other country has a broader experience in dealing with the past as basis for reconciliation, especially with reference to Israel.

The project

The project presented here seeks to initiate this process of reconciliation. An academic project, it nevertheless extends into the political and social sphere. The university framework is meant to serve as a catalyst for a moderation process aimed at achieving understanding and reconciliation. One of its central aims is to train competent "knowledge ambassadors" who, in their role as mediators, build a bridge between the theoretical reflection on conflict resolution strategies and their real-world implementation. The academic core of the project lies in an interdisciplinary, transnational and multi-religious doctoral program; it identifies truth as well as law as a condition for peace and conflict resolution in the Israeli-Palestinian relationship. The project's international connections to the Wasatia movement ("wasatia" is Arabic for "moderation, balance and temperance") in Jerusalem, inter-religious dialogue programs at the University of Cambridge, coordinated study programs with several Israeli and Palestinian universities, as well as the Maecenata Foundation, a civil society institution in Berlin and Munich, ensure its social and political relevance. The Wasatia movement brings understanding into civil society in the form of an Israeli-Palestinian educational program. The Maecenata Foundation, a non-university research institution, is dedicated to developing a European civil society under the keyword "Europe Bottom-Up," with special attention to the question of relations with the Middle East.

Participating scholars

- Dr. Zeina M. Barakat, Wasatia Graduate School, EUF und Research Associate, University of Cambridge (UK)
- Prof. Dr. Matthias Bauer, Professor of Modern German Literature at the Institute for Language, Literature and Media, German Studies Department, EUF
- **Prof. Dr. Solveig Chilla**, Professor of Speech and Language Education at the Institue of Special Education, EUF
- Prof. Dr. Birgit Däwes, Professor of American Studies at the Institute for Language, Literature and Media, Department of English and American Studies, EUF
- Prof. Dr. Monika Eigmüller, Professor of Sociology and Social Science Research on Europe at the Institute of Social Sciences and Theology, Sociology Department, and Director of the Interdisciplinary Centre for European Studies (ICES), EUF
- Prof. Dr. Ulrich Glassmann, Professor of Comparative Institutional Analysis at the International Institute of Management and Economic Education, Department of Comparative Institutional Analysis, EUF
- Prof. Dr. Holger Jahnke, Professor of Human Geography and Geographic Education at the Interdisciplinary Institute for Environmental, Social and Human Sciences, Department of Geography, EUF
- Prof. Dr. Amal Jamal, Head of the International Gradu- ate Program in Political Science and Political Communi-cation, Tel Aviv University (Israel)
- Dr. Edward Kessler, Director of the Woolf Institute for Interreligious Learning and Fellow of St Edmund's College, University of Cambridge (UK)
- Dr. Philip McCosker, Director of the Von Hügel Institute for Critical Catholic Inquiry and Vice-Master of St Edmund's College, University of Cambridge (UK)
- Prof. Dr. Anna Katharina Mangold, LL. M. (Cambridge), Professor of European Law at the Interdisciplinary Institute for Environmental, Social and Human Sciences, Department of European and International Law, EUF
- Prof. Dr. Ifat Moaz, Head of the Swiss Center for Conflict Research, Management and Resolution, Hebrew University, Jerusalem
- **Prof. Dr. André Munzinger,** Professor for Systematic Theology with a focus on Ethics, CAU Kiel.
- Prof. Dr. Iulia Patrut, Professor of Modern German Literature in the European Context at the Institute for Language, Literature and Media, German Studies Department, EUF
- Prof. Dr. Renée Poznanski, Senior Researcher at the Simone Veil Research Centre for European Studies and Avnon Professor of Holocaust Studies (emerita), Ben-Gurion University of the Negev (Israel)

- Prof. Dr. Anne Reichold, Professor of Philosophy at the Interdisciplinary Institute for Environmental, Social and Human Sciences, Philosophy Department, EUF
- Prof. Dr. Christof Roos, Professor of European and Global Governance at the Institute for Social Sciences and Theology, Department of Political Science and Political Didactics, EUF
- Prof. Dr. Reina Shehi (Zenelaj). Head of Department of Political Science and International Relations, Epoka University, Albania
- Prof. Dr. Udo Steinbach, Director of the MENA Study Centre of the Maecenata Foundation
- Dr. Rupert Graf Strachwitz, Director of the Maecenata Institute for Philanthropy and Civil Society
- Prof. Dr. Hedwig Wagner, Professor of European Media Studies at German Studies Department, EUF.
- **Prof. Dr. Michelle Witen,** Professor for Irish Studies at the Department of English and American Studies, EUF.
- Prof. Dr. Ralf Wüstenberg, Professor of Protestant Theology at the Institute of Social Sciences and Theology and Head of the Dialogue of Religions Department, EUF, and Senior Research Associate, University of Cambridge (UK)

International advisors

- Prof. Dr. Anja Ballis, Chair of German Language and Literature Education" at the University of Munich
- Prof. Dr. Susanne Buckley-Zistel, Director of the Centre for Conflict Studies, Philipps-Universität Marburg
- Prof. Dr. Mohammed Dajani-Daoudi, The Wasatia Academic Graduate Institute, Jerusalem
- Prof. Dr. David Felson, Vice-Rector, EPOKA University, Tirana, Albania.
- Prof. Dr. Pumla Gobodo-Madikizela, Stellenbosch University (South Africa)
- Dr. Islam Jusufi, Head of the Department of Political Science and International Relations, Epoka University, Tirana (Albania)
- **Prof. Dr. Björn Krondorfer**, Director of the Martin-Springer Institute, Department of Comparative Cultural Studies, Northern Arizona University (USA)
- Dr. Gary Mason, Director of Rethinking Conflict, Belfast (Ireland)
- Prof. Dr. Vello Pettai, Director of the European Centre for Minority Issues, Flensburg
- Prof. Dr. Irene Schneider, Faculty for Arabic and Islamic Studies (Law and Gender in Palestine, Islam in Europe), Universität Göttingen.
- Dr. Joram Tarusarira, Director of the Centre for Religion, Conflict and Globalization, University of Groningen (Netherlands)

Information and Contact



Dr. Zeina Barakat
Europa-Universität Flensburg
☑ zaineh.barakat@uni-flensburg.de
oder zmb26@cam.ac.uk



Prof. Udo Steinbach
Maecenata Foundation

☐ us@maecenata.eu



Prof. Ralf Wüstenberg
Europa-Universität Flensburg
☑ ralf.wuestenberg@uni-flensburg.de
oder rkw29@cam.ac.uk

https://www.uni-flensburg.de/en/trilateral-graduate-school





MAECENATA STIFTUNG MENA STUDY CENTRE

SPONSORED BY THE



Federal Ministry of Education and Research



MAECENATA STIFTUNG MENA STUDY CENTRE

European *wasatia*Graduate School for Peace and Conflict Resolution

